Histogram Equalization Exercise [Help]

Help: The following tips will help you complete this exercise:

- To calculate the histogram, you must first flatten the image.
- Before displaying the cdf make sure that it is normalized. Its axes should be in the same range as the histogram axes.
- To create the mask of the cdf, try using the NumPy.ma.masked_equal() function for every 0. Then, normalize it in the [0, 255] range.
- The mask is not the cdf of the equalized image. It must be calculated again.
- To display two images as one, you can use the NumPy.hstack() or NumPy.vstack() functions.
- When displaying the image, if it is entirely white or black, try specifying its data type using the .astype() function.